

‡ Incremental

Overhead Line Monitoring and Incident Management

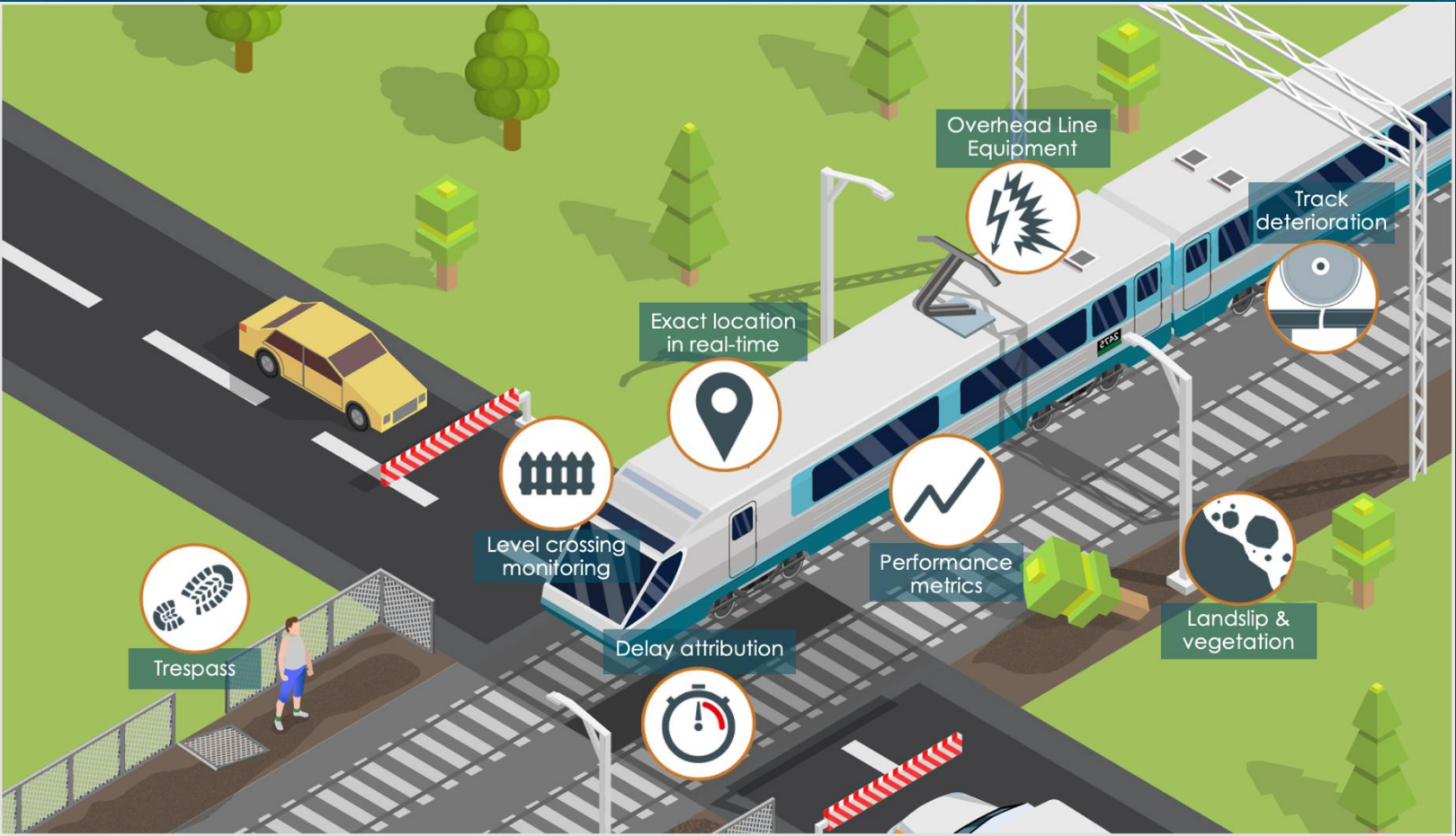
Tim Flower



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Why Incremental?

We have the components, capability and credibility



Award winning
Innovation



Certifications



ISO 27001
Certified
Information Security
Management

ISO 27001



ISO 44003

Data

Rail Industry Data

TRUST, Schedule, PHIS, Train Planning

On-Train Data

GPS, Accelerometer, Wheel Pulse, OLE Video, OTMR, Adhesion

3rd-Party Data

Weather, Saloon Environment Data, Passenger Counting, FOAS, GSMR

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Data-Agnostic Analytics Platform

Users



Timetabling



Performance



Control



Operations



Maintenance

Use Cases

Timetable production and validation

Section running time validation and adherence

Automated delay analysis

Incident management and service recovery

Condition monitoring and lifecycle planning

Long term

Mid-term

Immediate

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Common problems



Low Incoming Wire

Compare heights of consequent contact wires to ensure smooth transition

Arcing

Our algorithm recognizes arcing between overhead cables and contact area.



Contact Force / Impact

Measure force of contact wire with pantograph – and any unexpected changes or high shocks.



Stagger

Measure anomalies in expected tolerances throughout every journey.



Pan Height

Senses irregularities and variances of pan height throughout track sections.

How OLert works

- At OLert's core is a machine vision algorithm developed in partnership with University of Oxford academics.
- This algorithm is key to turning the captured images into meaningful insights in conjunction with the accelerometer data.
- The algorithm & accelerometers identify and calculate height, stagger & contact force through image recognition & impact analysis.
- Any variances to these measurements, outside of the pre-determined tolerances are recorded and alerts are generated to prevent future failures.
- These alerts alongside the video and image capture, provides evidence for maintenance teams to take preventative action.
- OLert clustering highlight's locations with a high number of individual alerts, based on track position, enabling a more targeted approach to engineering maintenance.



Example Alert Types

Pan Too Low



Pan Too High



Arcing



Wire Contact



Low Incoming Wire

Alert Detail

 OLErt

OLErt 

Pantograph Out of Tolerance

Unit Code

387113

Alert Type

Under Height

Level

RawAlert

Occurred At

27/09/2023 08:17:00

Latitude

51.855109217

Longitude

-0.18477275

Description

The Pantograph is too low.

Values

4.10m

Nearest structure

E38/27 KNEBWORTH SOUTH

Distance from the structure

8.44236984184376

At a structure

☒

Speed

TD Berth

TD Road

Status

Approved

Comment

Edit Comment

Map

Pantograph

Image



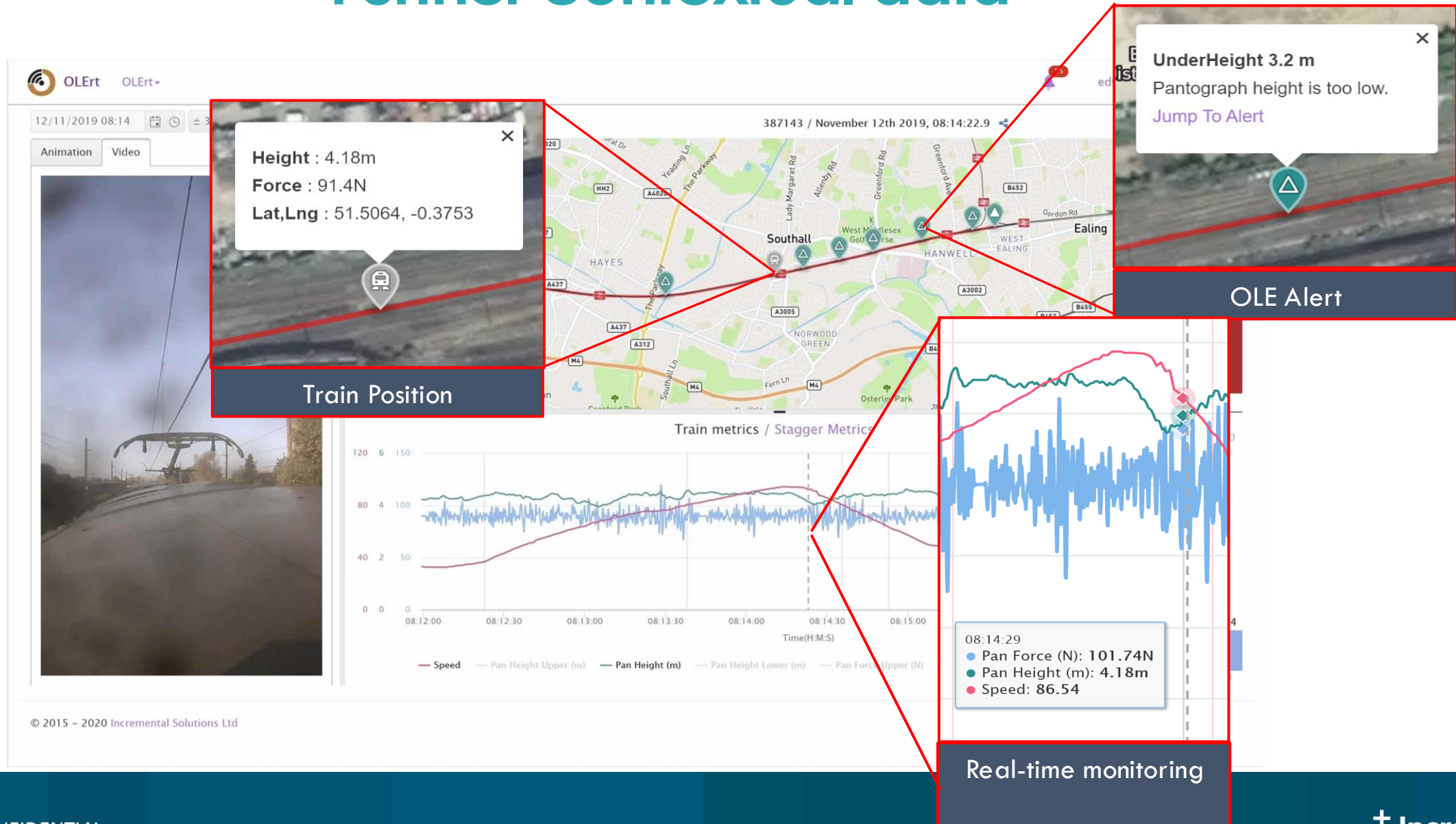
Under Height

Alert detail can show captured video footage or a graphic representation.

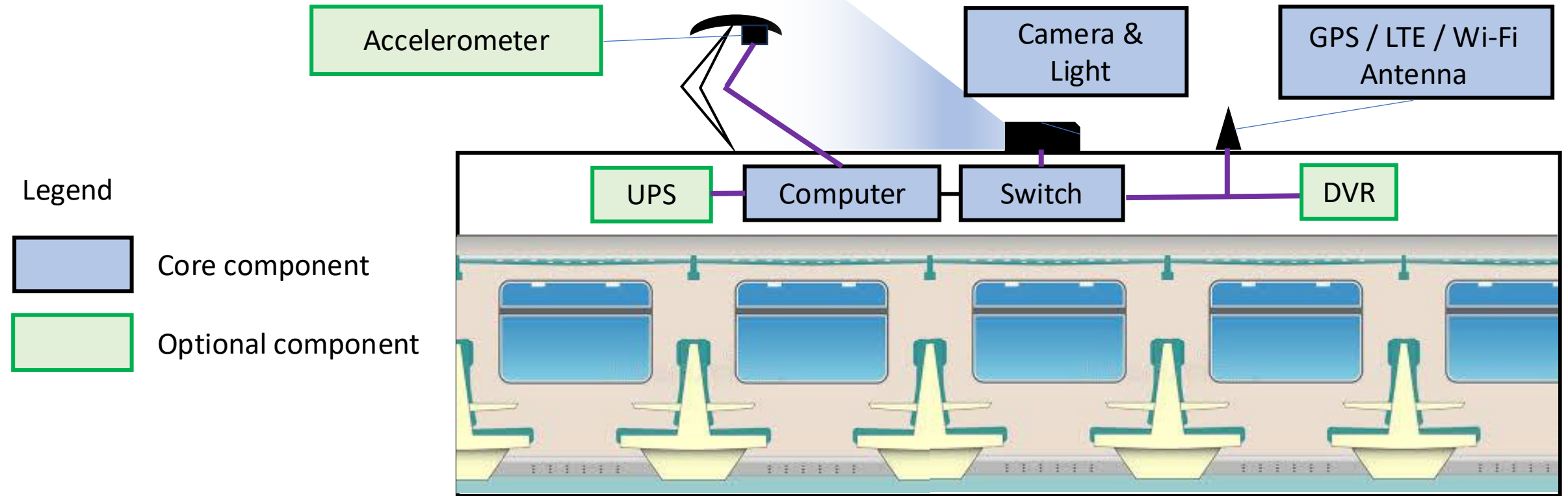
Investigating an alert will present users with everything the system has discovered. In this example, the pan was under height.

Users can 'approve' or 'reject' the alert.

Further contextual data



OLert - Hardware

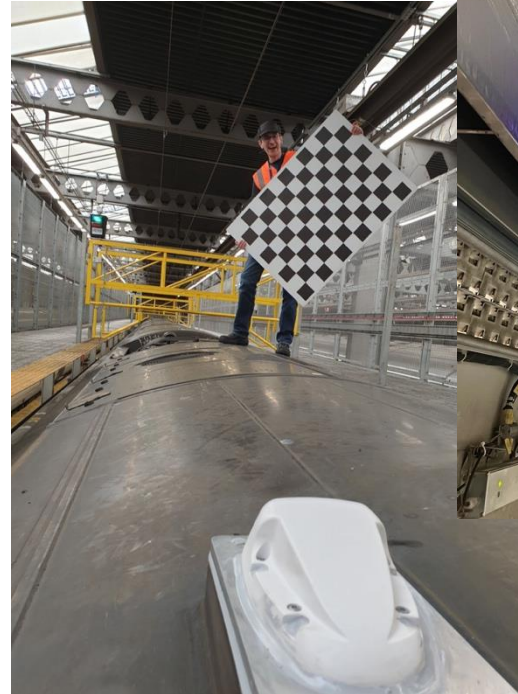


OLert – Installation Process

Images from recent installation by Govia Thameslink Railway

Process:

- Hardware is pre-assembled by Incremental & Belvoir
- OLert software is installed and bench tested by Incremental
- Operational system and hardware packaged and shipped to customer site
- Hardware installed on train by Incremental, Belvoir with our customer
- Incremental remotely conducts system and deployment testing
- Calibration process undertaken to validate data measurement accuracy (using Mentor data where available)
- OLert is live and begins in-service data collection and analysis as trains operate across the network



Vivotek Camera is installed on top of the train



Antenna installed above processor



Processor installed in roof cavity of the train

Example accelerometer fitment



Mentor Train Comparison



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Mentor Train Comparison

One problem in common

The overall aim of NR's Mentor Train is to monitor infrastructure (OLE) and detect anomalies which could then turn into problems.

OLErt has the same aim.

Two very different solutions

The Mentor train is specialist, modified unit, whose sole purpose is for inspecting infrastructure. It runs at various times throughout the year.

OLErt is much less obtrusive, and could potentially run on every single train on the network, every day.

Achieving a true comparison

To make the comparison accurate and true, we ensured the camera measurements (such as frame rates) were aligned with Mentor.

Once we were working with the same metrics, then we could compare the outcome more accurately and fairly.

A very positive outcome

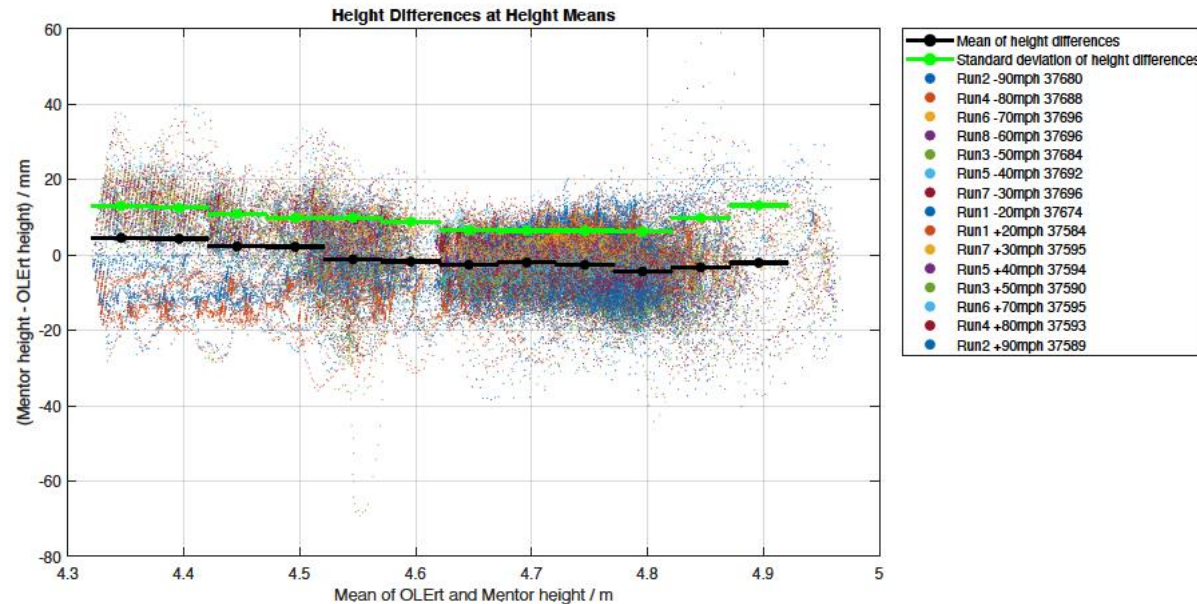
The exercise was to compare key metrics such as height and stagger. From here could look at the overall averages and directly compare the two solutions as if placed side by side.

The results...>

Mentor Train Comparison

Height comparison

Here we measured the height of the pan over the course of a journey.



97.9% of OLert's height measurements were within 20mm of MENTOR'S.

99.3% of OLert's height measurements were within 25mm of MENTOR'S.

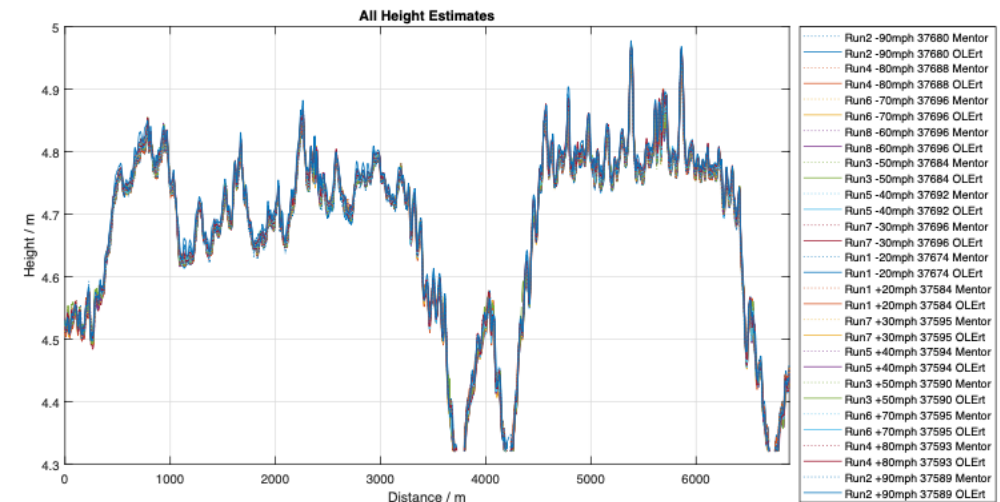


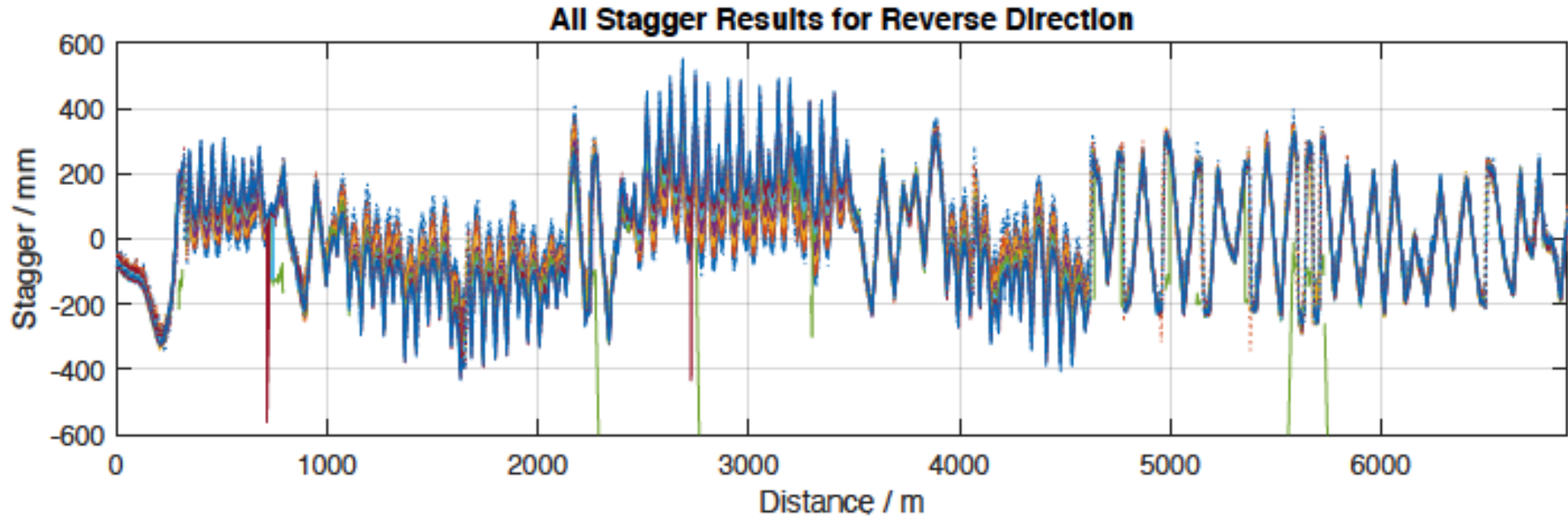
Figure 2: All 15 runs aligned by their position along the track.

-2mm – the mean difference between OLert and MENTOR.

Mentor Train Comparison

Stagger comparison

Here we measured the stagger of the cable on the pan over the course of a journey.



96.7% of OLert's stagger measurements were within 20mm of MENTOR'S.

99.4% of OLert's stagger measurements were within 100mm of MENTOR'S.

0.005mm – the mean difference between OLert and MENTOR.



OLErt – Real World Use Cases

1) Heathrow Express – Damaged Pan

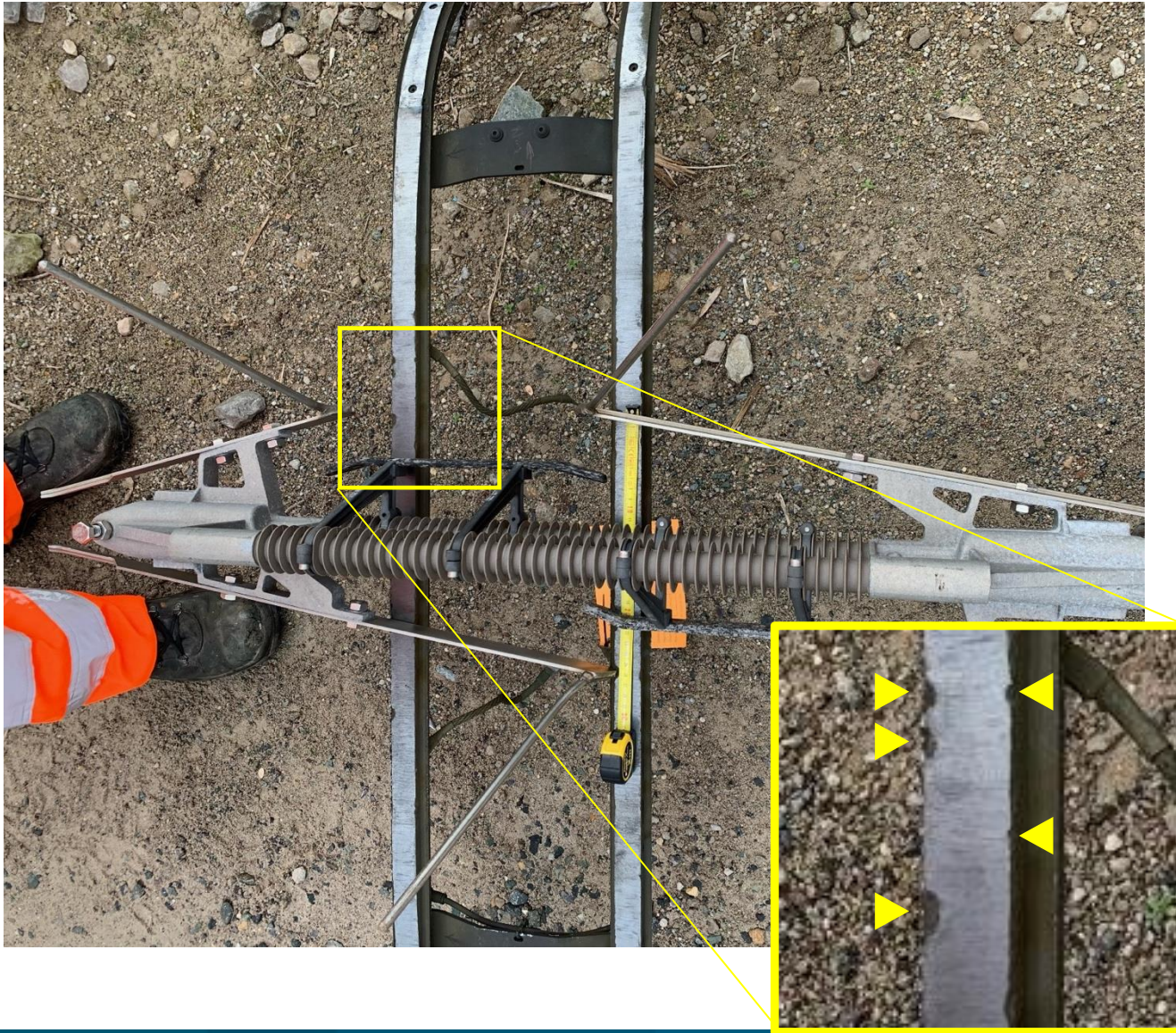
Damage Reports

Problem: An ongoing issue with pan damage to certain Heathrow Express units.

The damage was identified manually at depots on units running a specific route; therefore, the indications pointed to a possible infrastructure defect on the short section running to Terminal 5 which only a handful of Hex units use . The damaged pan head was taken to NR and matched to one of the section insulators at their training school.

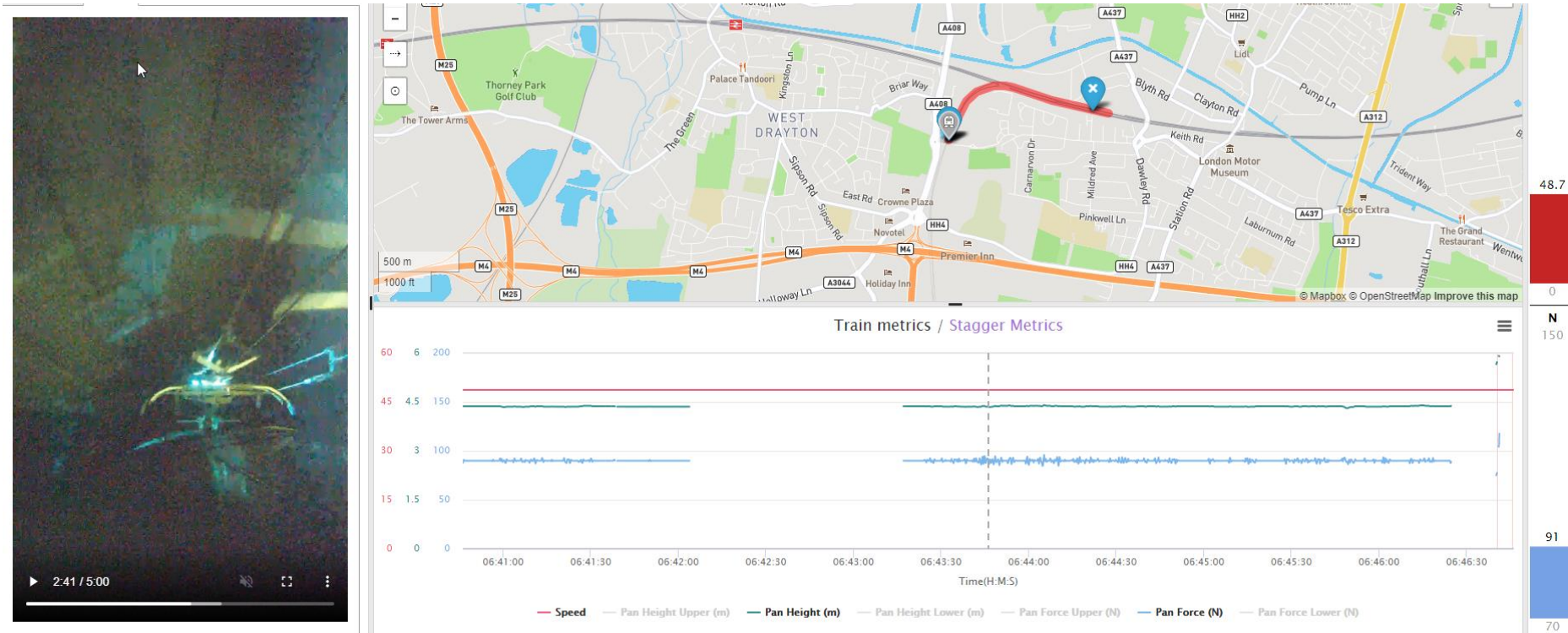
These Section Insulators are used within the Heathrow tunnels, however location identification of the problematic Sectional Insulator was virtually impossible as manual inspections during train operation was not possible.

Solution: Fit OLert to a number of units to identify the problem... (see next slide for details)



OLert Diagnostics

Using OLert we were able to pinpoint the exact location of impact. NR took a possession at the earliest opportunity and rectified the fault. This type of defect could not have been picked up by a visual track walk.



As a result of the accurate pan exam documentation, GWR and NR have been able to work together and save considerable costs locating this infrastructure defect.



OLErt – Real World Use Cases

2) Kings Cross – Retrospective Dewirement Investigation

Damage Reports



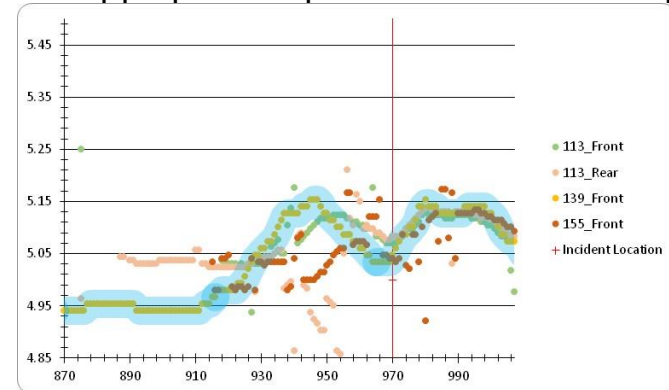
Explosion captured by unit 700011, 45 prior to dewirement

Govia Thameslink Railway approached Incremental following an OLE dewirement outside Kings Cross station.

Incremental were provided with historic video footage from journeys made by several different units along the same piece of track in the days running up to the incident.

The graphic to the left showed an explosion from the unit involved in the incident around 45 minutes prior to the event.

Further analysis conducted via OLert highlighted that there was no deviation from the “norm” on the OLE profile and therefore the customer was able to target fault identification through panhead inspections and appropriate repairs were made to the panhead.



OLE height profiles mapped



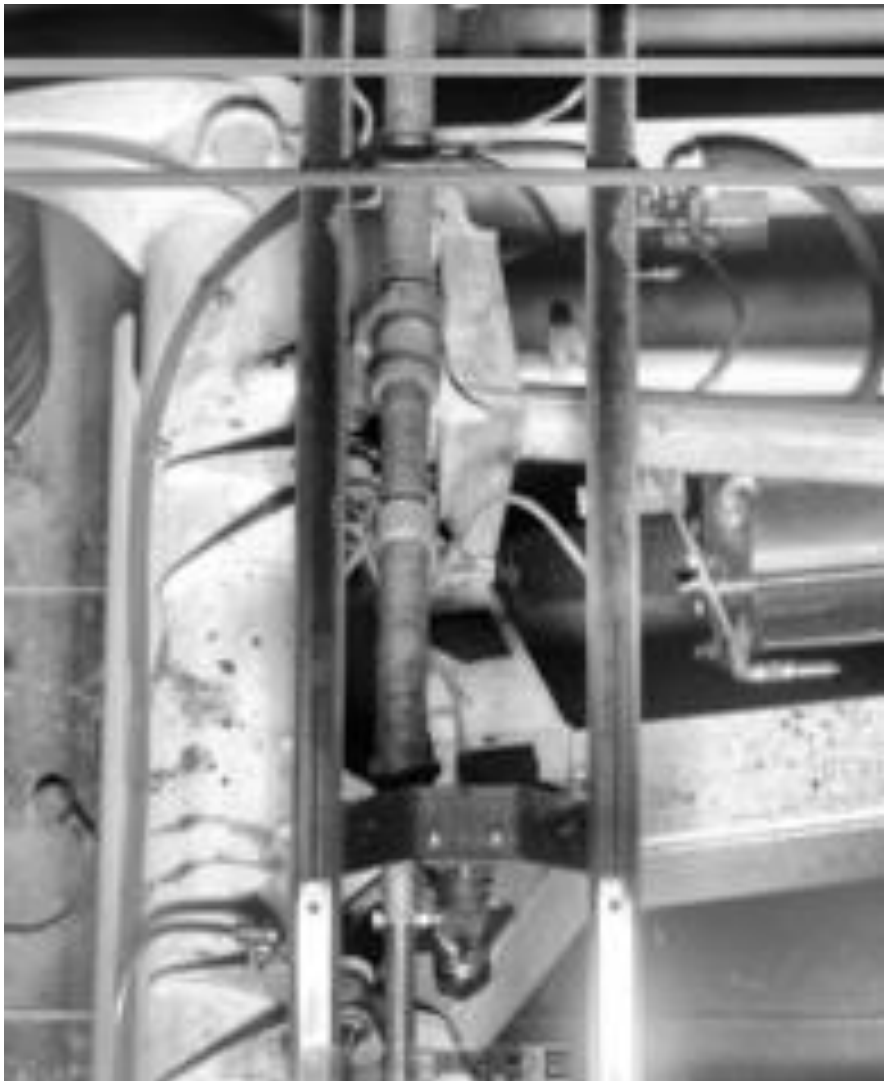
OLErt – Real World Use Cases

3) GWR Paddington – Airpoint Junction Pantograph Damage

Pantograph Damage

- Lineside cameras (PanVue) identified damage to pantographs between Paddington and Airport Junction but limited means to identify the cause
- OLert consulted and identified several clusters of arc alerts, some of which were at registration arms
- Specific location details provided (W3W, ELR and mileage or lat/long), issue remediated after targeted visual inspection

OLE height profiles mapped





OLE height profiles mapped

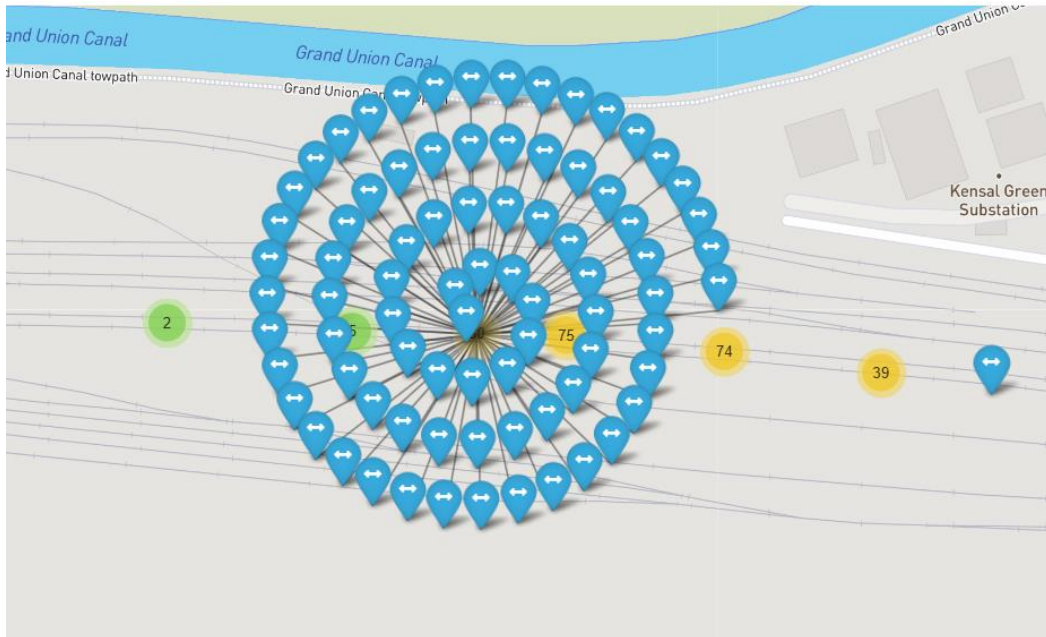
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OLErt – Real World Use Cases

4) GWR Excessive side wear



OLE height profiles mapped



OLE height profiles mapped

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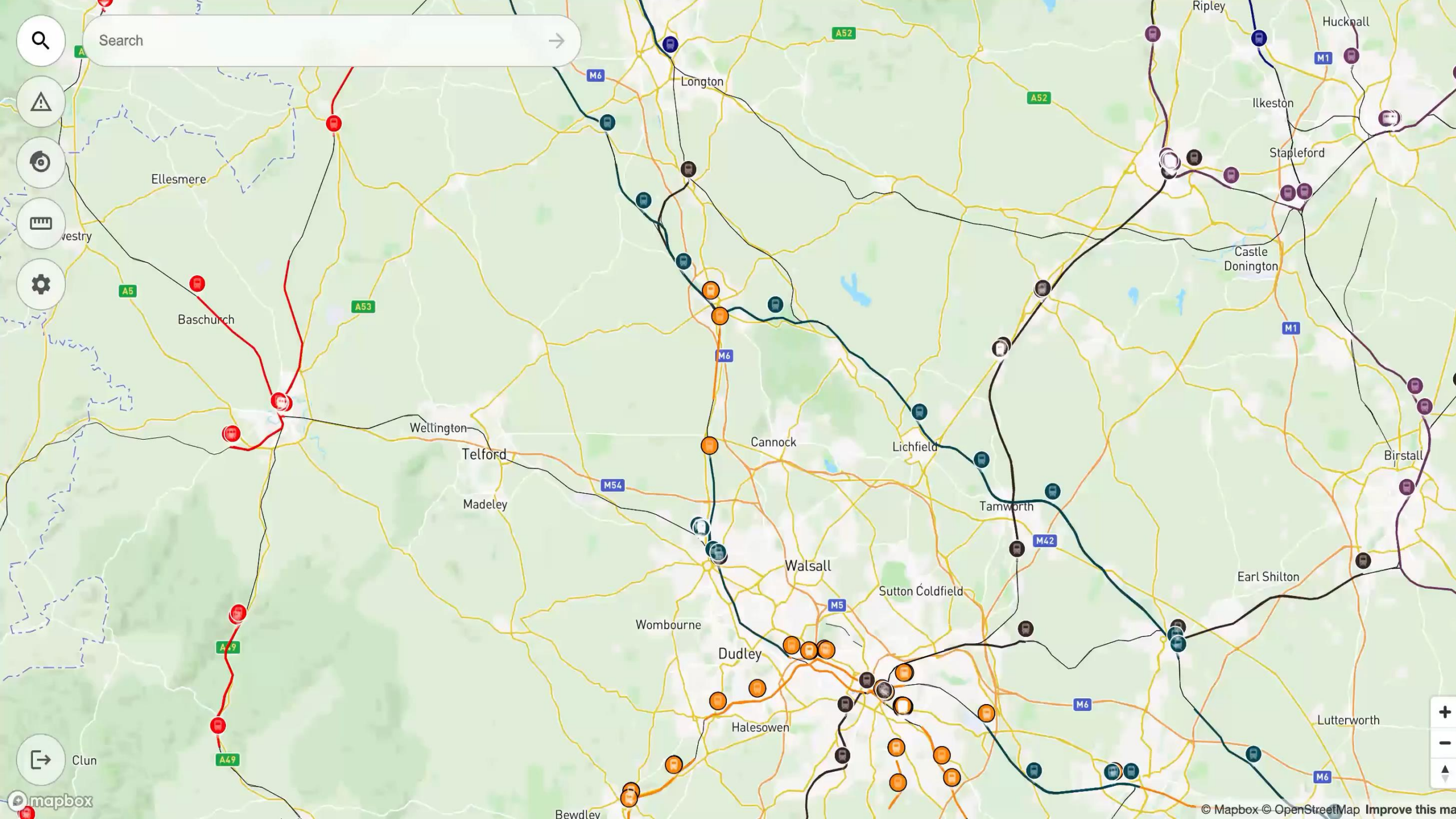
Abnormal Stagger

± Incremental



Search

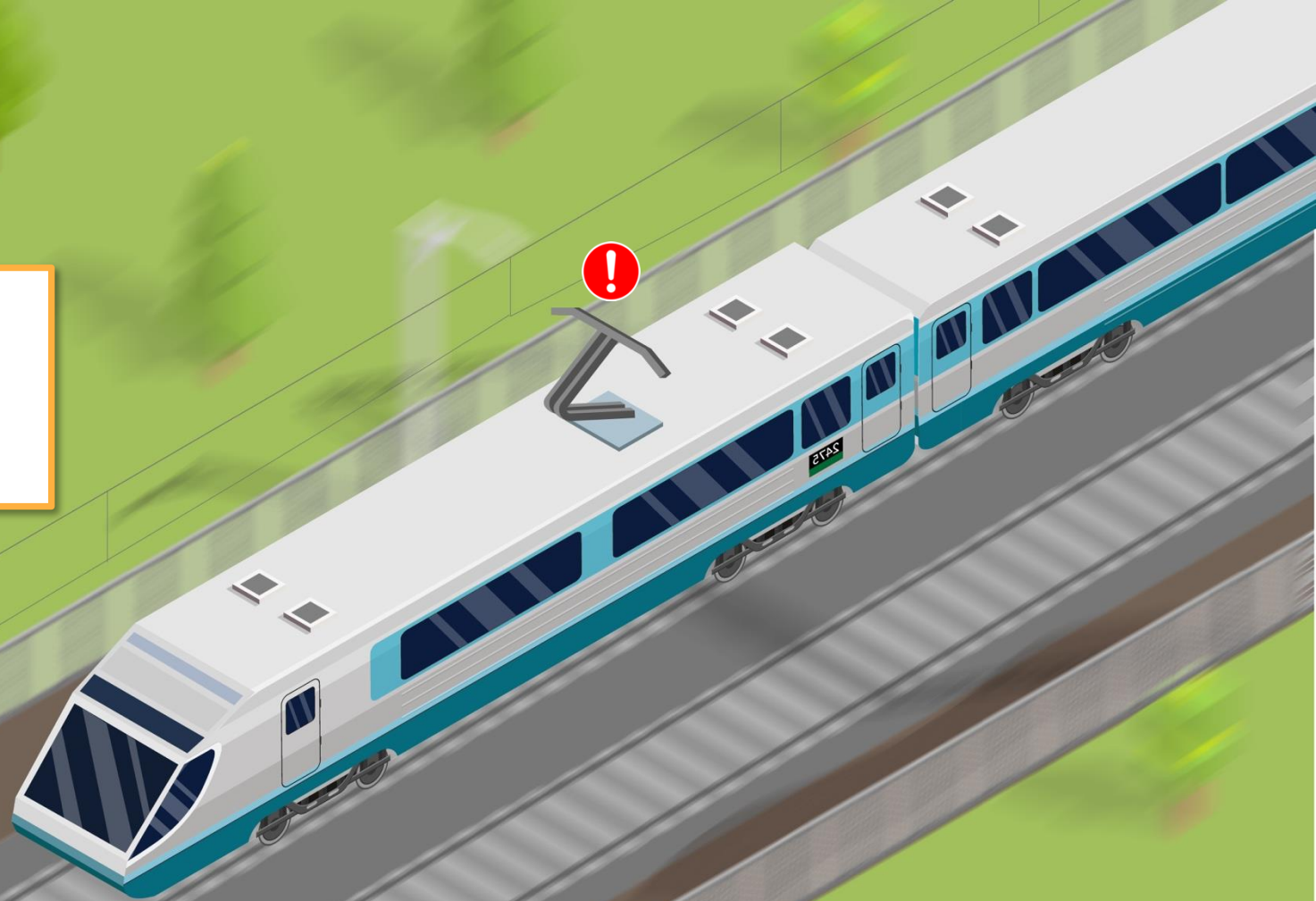
→



Scenario



Train in transit
experiences ADD
event.
OLert provides instant
fault report



With Incremental

- Exact location of both the ADD activation and where the train came to a stand are immediately available.
- MOM can be dispatched directly to the train if required
- OLE staff sent to correct location with information (and imagery) about the failure and likely causes



Incident controller receives a report of ADD event from driver.



Driver retrospectively recalls location, ie “between two bridges, approximately four bridges back from the station.”



OLE staff have no information on failure mode or cause until arrival on site



Driver can only report incident when train comes to a standstill.

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